What better time than the holidays to take a moment to appreciate all that makes us unique? Everyone comes to the table with a different story and with many food and exercise preferences. Spend some time this month getting to know a little more about your family and friends. What are their healthy habits during the holidays?

Appreciate other individuals’ food and exercise preferences.

What types of foods do you traditionally eat during the holidays? How did those foods become a tradition in your family? Are there any physically-active games that you like to play during the holidays? With each question comes as many answers as the number of people you ask. Everyone has a different story to tell. It doesn’t matter if they are old or young, boy or girl, or which state or country they were born in!

Finding out about other people’s food and exercise preferences also provides us with a whole new list of options from which to choose. Encourage your students to use this as an opportunity to try a new food or activity. How will they know if they like something new unless they give it a try?

Since a lot of cooking is usually done during the holidays, this is also a good time to try a new low-fat fruit or vegetable recipe. Students and their families can also start to experiment with favorite family recipes to see if they can make them just a little bit healthier. (See KP KIDS handouts, “Preparing Healthier Meals” and “Helpful Hints for Healthier Choices.”)

1) During a family gathering, spend some time sharing stories about family traditions. Encourage everyone to talk about traditions related to foods or physical activity (such as dance or a favorite outdoor game).

2) Start a new tradition by including some healthy food options at holiday parties.

3) Instead of baking candies, cookies and pies, try some new recipes for desserts that are lower in fat and possibly even include some fruits. (See any of the resources including KP KIDS handout, “Healthy Snack Recipes.”)
1) Have an assembly to celebrate the many different cultures represented at the school. Parents and/or students can share food-related stories, dances or other physical activities common to their heritage.

2) If possible, highlight and serve foods from different cultures in the cafeteria this month.

Have a Holiday Potluck Celebration! Ask parents or teachers to bring in foods from various cultures. Aim for healthy menu items.

California Department of Health Services
P.O. Box 942732, MS 7204
Sacramento, CA 94234-7320
Phone: 1-888-EAT-FIVE (1-888-328-3483)
Fax: (916) 449-5414
http://www.dhs.ca.gov/ps/cdic/cpns/ca5aday
More information can be found here about the California campaign to increase fruit and vegetable consumption among the Latino and African American populations. Recipes, tool kits and other materials are available to help promote this worthy cause. Look for the Healthy Latino Recipes and the 5 A Day and Physical Activity Toolbox for Community Educators! Both are available in English and Spanish and can be downloaded for free.

National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute
Find heart-healthy Latino and African American recipes at this site. They can be downloaded for free or purchased for $3.00 each.

Produce for Better Health Foundation
http://www.fruitsandveggiesmorematters.org (Click on the Recipes link.)
This website provides tips on making your current recipes healthier and includes a number of recipes that use different fruits and vegetables. There is also a list of healthy cookbook options.

Dole
http://www.dole5aday.com/CookBook/C_Home.jsp
This website includes many recipes for dishes that feature fruits and vegetables. There is also a small kid’s cookbook available for $2.95 each.

American Cancer Society
Santa Clara County Unit
747 Camden Ave, Ste. B
Campbell, CA 95008
Phone: (408) 871-1062; Fax: (408) 871-2993
http://www.cancer.org (Search for Cooking Smart)
More recipe ideas and suggestions are provided at this site.
• Students can write a research report on the history of how a certain food became popular among different cultures.

• Have students individually interview their friends and family members, asking questions such as “how many fruit and vegetable dishes were on your holiday dinner table?” that will result in a range of numerical answers. Encourage them to ask as many people as possible. With this data, students can then compute the range, mean, median and mode. Have students guess what will happen to the results if additional data sets are added (e.g. if the class data are analyzed as one complete set). Students can also look at how the inclusion or exclusion of outliers affects the measure of central tendency and which measure provides the most useful information given the question asked.

• When looking at the development of any civilization, pay special attention to the food available, food traded, the commerce of food, what they grew (was it influenced by geography?) and how they obtained their food.

• Have students perform folk and line dances and discuss their origins.

• Discuss the food preferences of the students in the class paying particular attention to any similarities or differences between the various cultures represented. Encourage the students to find out more information about other cultures common throughout the rest of the world.

From Afar to Zulu: A Dictionary of African Cultures, by James Haskins – Language Arts
It’s Disgusting and We Ate It! True Food Facts from Around the World and Throughout History, by James Solheim – Science, Social Science
Ancient Agriculture: From Foraging to Farming, by May and Michael Woods – Science